

FSS Algorithm-A Intelligent Technique For Mining Customers Review By The Help of Opinion Mining

Shubham Pandey

M.Tech. Scholar

Department of Computer Science & Engineering, SRIT Jabalpur (M.P)

Abstract - In the FSS algorithm a technique will develop to determine and summarize the customer comment with the help of opinion mining and the natural language processing. Comments made by the customers some times are not able to understand by the computer so easily , so the intelligent technique help to overcome this problem that any web based business will become so easy and transparent to both customers and merchants. In the proposed work with the help of several steps like feature identification, sentiment analysis, and Summarization the orientation of each comment can be checked and user can know whether the comment is in favor or in against of the product.

Keywords: *Opinion mining, natural language processing, feature identification, orientation*

I. INTRODUCTION

The prosperity of e-business has changed the whole outlook of traditional trading behaviour. More and more people are willing to conduct Internet shopping. However, the massive product information provided by the Internet Merchants causes the problem of information overload and this will reduce the customer's satisfaction and interests. The system utilizes web mining techniques [1] to trace the customer's shopping behaviour and learns his/her up-to-date preferences adaptively. The experiments have been conducted to evaluate its recommender quality and the results show that the system can give sensible recommendations, and is able to help customers save enormous time for Internet shopping. This is very useful and versatile for those business persons or organization who wants to know feedback of customers without much effort by analyzing customers comment on products, services or information on any website by any of the intelligent techniques which is used for recognizing the part of speech of any customer. The main aim is that some customers never express their feelings, opinions, views very clearly and just write a comment which has no proper notification that can make it easy to understand that whether this particular comment is in favour or in against of the product service etc. In this work an intelligent and efficient technique will develop by which this drawback will overcome and it is easy to understand the comments and their

sentiments. This technique is helpful in the decision making process for any business bodies by which they can study the comments and then plan their future strategy for any development and enhancement if required.

II. OPINION MINING

Opinion mining is a type of natural language processing for tracking the mood of the public about a particular product. Opinion mining, which is also called sentiment analysis, involves building a system to collect and examine opinions about the product made in blog posts, comments, reviews or tweets [2]. Automated opinion mining often uses machine learning, a component of artificial intelligence (AI).Opinion mining can be useful in several ways. If you are in marketing, for example, it can help you judge the success of an ad campaign or new product launch, determine which versions of a product or service are popular and even identify which demographics like or dislike particular features. For example, a review might be broadly positive about a digital camera, but be specifically negative about how heavy it is. Being able to identify this kind of information in a systematic way gives the vendor a much clearer picture of public opinion than surveys or focus groups, because the data is created by the customer. An opinion mining system is often built using software that is capable of extracting knowledge from examples in a database and incorporating new data to improve performance over time. The process can be as simple as learning a list of positive and negative words, or as complicated as conducting deep parsing of the data in order to understand the grammar and sentence structure used.

III. E-BUSINESS

E-business is the conduct of business on the Internet, not only buying and selling but also servicing customers and collaborating with business partners. E-business is the transformation of key business processes through the use of Internet technologies. An e-business is a company that can adapt to constant and continual change.

E-business covers online transactions, but also extends to all Internets based interactions with business partners, suppliers and customers such as: selling direct to consumers, manufacturers and suppliers; monitoring and exchanging information; auctioning surplus inventory; and collaborative product design. These online interactions are aimed at improving or transforming business processes and efficiency.



FIG1. E-BUSINESS

IV. STEPS OF MINING THE SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

1. In e-business more and more customers can freely comment on different kind of entities like sellers, product, and services. In the framework any customer can comments on any product and express his sentiment about the product.

2. Grammar recognizing involves:-

(A) **Part of speech tagging-** Parsing of each comment is done and comment is splitted into word and part of speech tag for each word.

(B) **Extracting frequent aspects of products-** With the help of association mining (apriori mining) [6] searching of frequent aspects is done which is recently and regularly discussed by customers.

(C) **Extracting infrequent aspects of products-** Extra and different features which are not common are discussed in this step.

(D) **Mining and identifying opinion words-** After extraction modifiers are needed, in this adjectives and negative words (never, no, not etc) are used for the identification of opinions [4].

- 3. Each sentence has two prospective it can be good or bad.
- 4. Opinion can be identified by the help of noun, adjective attached with the sentence.
- 5. Finally the implicit aspects opinions which are not identified yet are extracted with the help of the newly created intelligent techniques for the opinion mining of customers.

V. RESULTS

In the proposed work implementation the intelligent approach is used for mining the sentiment of the customers about the product. After the evaluation there are some results which come out. On the basis of this the sentiment or opinion of the customer can be analyzed so easily. Here there are three diagrams which shows the comments and its polarity, rating of product according to comments and the result by the help of the graph, all the result are described below:-

USERNAME	DATE	PRODUCTTYPE	PRODUCTMODEL	PRODUCT	COMMENT	STATUS
shubham	Saturday, November 16, 2013	LAPTOP	ACER	ACER 003	good	Favour
shubham	Tuesday, 03, 2013	LAPTOP	ACER	ACER 003	very good laptop	Favour
shubham	Friday, December 27, 2013	LAPTOP	ACER	ACER 003	not good	Not Favour
shubham	Saturday, November 16, 2013	LAPTOP	ACER	ACER 003	not good	Not Favour
shubham	Friday, December 27, 2013	LAPTOP	ACER	ACER 003	this product is good	Favour

FIG2. Analysis of polarity of the comments on the basis of negation words

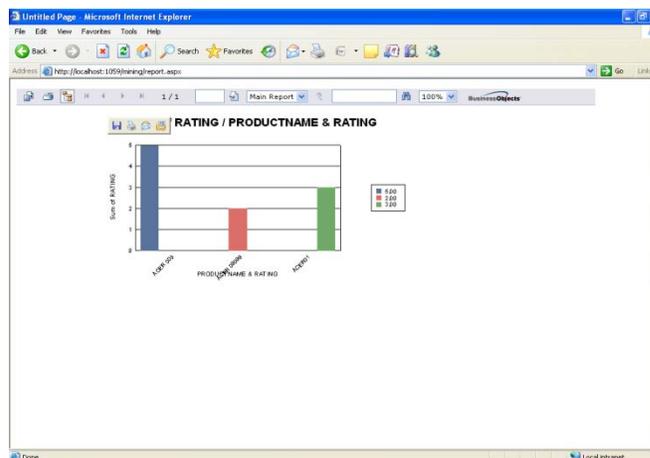


FIG 3 Graph result according to the analysis of orientation polarity and the rating of the product.

The above graph shows that the popularity of the products increases as per the rating and the polarity of the products. The graph results show that there are three products and the product which has highest rating and large number of the positive orientation it has highest graph value. So from the above the above analytical result it is clear that the negation

words are vital for grammar checking and the orientation of the sentence plays the important role into the opinion mining according to the comments make by the customer for any product.

VI. COMPARISON BETWEEN EXISTING & FSS ALGORITHM

In existing work the grammar recognition has been done for finding the frequent and infrequent aspects but the implicit aspects could not be found. In the existing work nearby adjective exists in the sentence are analyzed with the help of the association rules, because adjectives tells the pros and cons of any product, services or information. It tells only the positive opinions of the customers.

In FSS algorithm the enhancement in the existing work has been done by finding the implicit aspects. Grammar field is very vast and it is not possible to analyze each grammatical element so here we consider the negation word and according to which we conclude our result whether the comment is in favor or not. Implicit aspects are checked by considering the negation words as the orientation of the sentence. It will tell that the comment has positive, negative or neutral orientation.

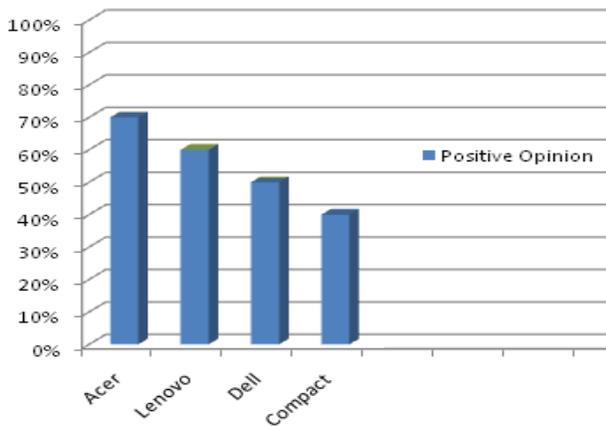


Fig 4. Existing graph

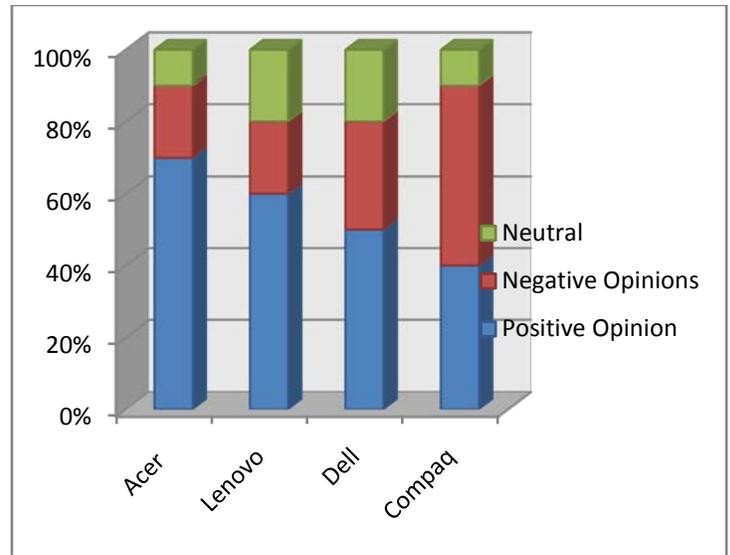


Fig 5 FSS algorithm graph

VII. CONCLUSION

Opinions are a unique type of information which is different from facts. The methods for content classification based on ranking (like those used by search engines) are not effective or simply do not accurately depict reality, as one opinion is different from multiple opinions. The proposed work is the enhancement in the existing work. We consider the negation words for the orientation checking but grammar is too wide so there can be so many considerations can be made for the extraction of implicit aspects like adjectives, too rules, etc.

REFERENCES

- [1] Li Zhan, Liu Zhijing, , ‘ Web Mining Based On Multi-Agents ’, COMPUTER SOCIETY,IEEE(2003).
- [2] Margaret H. Dunham and Sridhar, Data Mining, Introduction and Advanced Topics, (Prentice Hall Publication), ISBN 81-7758-785-4, chap nos.1,7, pp.3,4,195-218.
- [3] Yan Li , Xin-Zhong Chen , Bing-Ru Yang, ‘Research On Web Mining-Based Intelligent Search Engine’, proceedings of first international conference on machine learning and cybernetics,Biejing, IEEE(2002).
- [4] WangBin, LiuZhijing, 'Web Mining Research' , International Conference On Computational Intelligence and Multimedia Applications, IEEE (2003).
- [5] Hiroyuki Kawano, ‘Web Archiving Strategies by using Web Mining Techniques’, IEEE (2003).
- [6] Sung Ho Ha, Sung Min Bae, Sang Chan Park, ‘Web Mining For Distance Education’, ICMIT, IEEE (2000).

- [7] Sanjay Kumar Madria, white paper, ' Web Mining : A Bird's Eye View '(2008).
- [8] Arun K Pujari , Data Mining Techniques ,Universities Press (India) Limited, ISBN 81-7371-380-4
- [9] Wang Jicheng, Huang Yuan, Wu Gangshan and Zhang Fuyan, 'Web Mining: Knowledge Discovery on the Web' , IEEE (1999).
- [10] Jakub Snopek, Ivan Jelínek, 'Web Access Predictive Models', International Conference on Computer Systems and Technologies – CompSysTech (2005).
- [11] Xinlin Zhang, Xiangdong Yin, ' Design of an Information Intelligent System based on Web Data Mining' ,International Conference on Computer Science and Information Technology 2008.
- [12] Feng Zhang, HuiI-You Chang, 'RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN WEB USAGE MINING SYSTEM--KEY ISSUES AND PROPOSED SOLUTIONS: A SURVEY' International Conference on Machine Learning and Cybernetics, Beijing, 4-5 November 2002
- [13] Wu Gangshan, Huang Yuan, Shian-Shyong Tseng, Zhang Fuyan, 'A knowledge sharing and collaboration system model based on Internet', 1999, IEEE.
- [14] Lizhen Liu, Junjie Chen, Hantao Song, 'The Research of Web Mining', Proceedings of the 4th World Congress on Intelligent Control and Automation June 10-14, 2002, Shanghai, P.R.China ,IEEE.
- [15] Shakirah Mohd Taib, Soon-Ja Yeom, Byeong-Ho Kang, 'Elimination of Redundant Information for Web Data Mining', Proceedings of the International Conference on Information Technology: Coding and Computing (ITCC'05) IEEE.
- [16] James Huamonte, Kevin Smith, 'The Use of Roles to Model Agent Behaviors for Model Driven Architecture', 2005 IEEE. G. N. Shinde, Inamdar S.A, Int. J. Comp. Tech. Appl., Vol 2 (2), 280-284.